

# Second Chute du Carbet waterfall

Basse-Terre Sud



en chemin vers les Chutes du Carbet ... (Fabien Salles / PNG)



*You can explore the rainforest quite easily thanks to the well-maintained path. The delightful path wends its way under the trees and leads to the outskirts of the second Chute du Carbet waterfall.*

## Useful information

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Practice : Walking

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Duration : 1 h 30

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Length : 1.4 km

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Trek ascent : 71 m

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Difficulty : Easy

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Type : Return trip

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Themes : Relaxation area, River and waterfall

# Trek

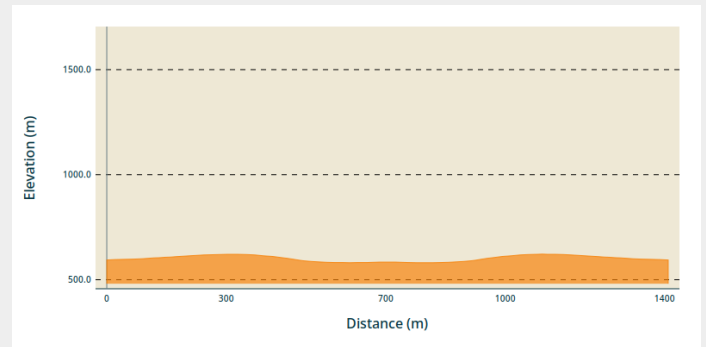
**Departure** : Chutes du Carbet, Capesterre-Belle-Eau reception area

**Arrival** : Chutes du Carbet, Capesterre-Belle-Eau reception area

**Markings** : — PR (short hike network)

**Cities** : 1. Capesterre-Belle-Eau

## Altimetric profile

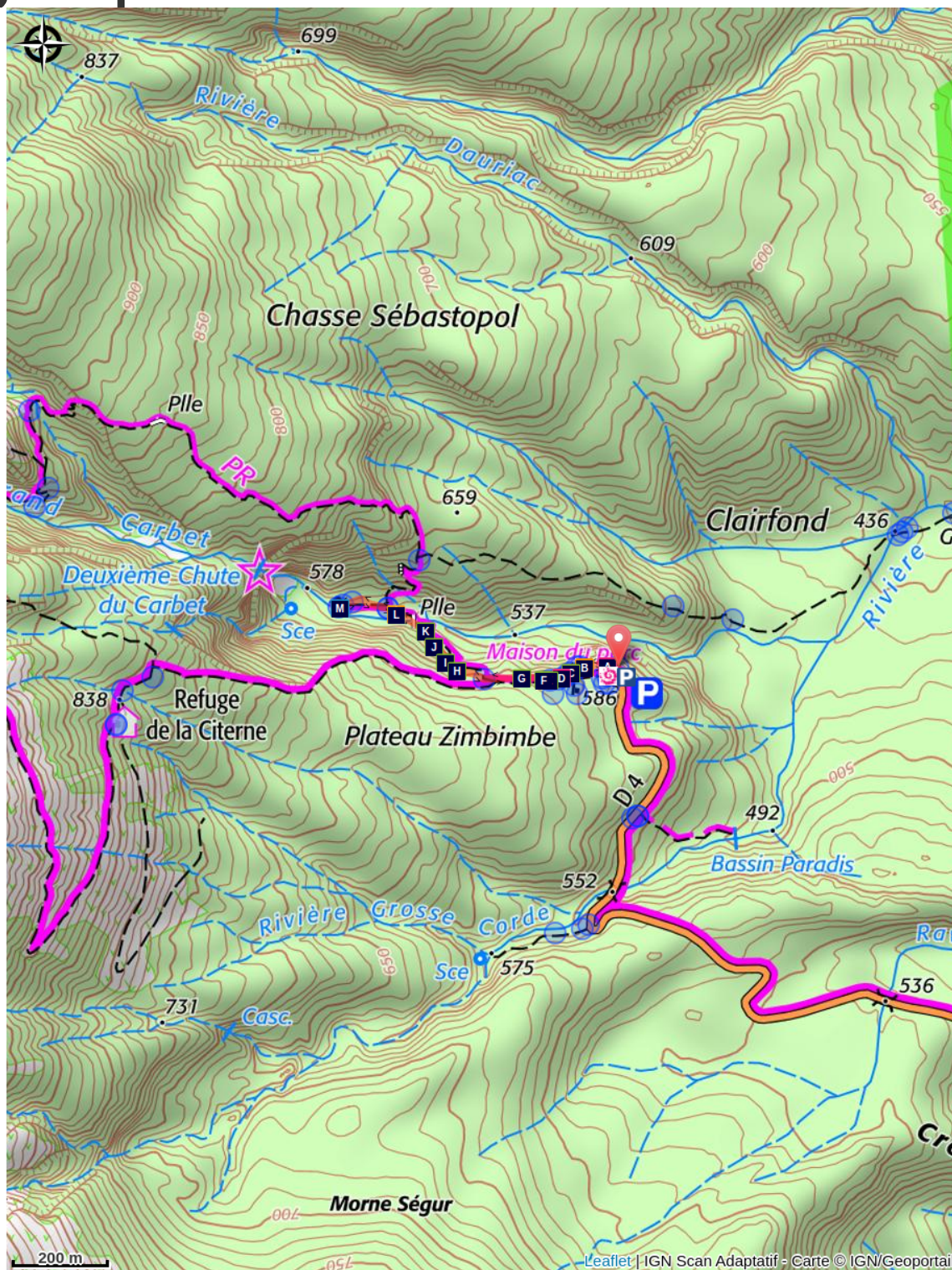


Min elevation 581 m Max elevation 622 m


## Hiking trail colour: yellow


Walk for a few metres and take advantage of the panoramic views of Grande-Terre from the promontory. Head back onto the path: on a clear day, views of the two waterfalls from the vegetation on the right await. At the first intersection, keep going straight on. Cross the wooden bridge over the Grand Carbet river. Then turn left to reach the views of Deuxième Chute du Carbet. After enjoying the views, turn around and head back onto the same path. There are toilets and a picnic area near the welcome area.

# On your path...



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|--|--|
|  Promontory, extensive views (A) |  Picnic area (B)                                  |
|  Roseleaf bramble (C)            |  Views of both the Chute du Carbet waterfalls (D) |
|  Psychotria aubletiana (E)       |  "Rat's tail" (F)                                 |
|  Balisiers (G)                   |  Guatteria caribaea (H)                           |
|  Gommier (I)                     |  Asplundia rigida (J)                             |

 Tapura latifolia (K)

 The second Chute du Carbet waterfall  
(M)

 The Grand Carbet river (L)

# All useful information

## **Is in the midst of the park**

The national park is an unrestricted natural area but subjected to regulations which must be known by all visitors.

## **Advices**

As Guadeloupe is prone to natural risks, extra care should be taken in this natural environment. For the benefit of all hikers, responsible behaviour is very important. Warning : the parking area is unsupervised.

## **How to come ?**

### Transports

En Guadeloupe, 2 applications pour le covoiturage :

Déposé : <https://depoze.fr>

KAROS : <https://www.karos.fr>

### Access

GPS coordinates of the start point : Lat : 16,04198° N - Long : 61,63822° W.

Using Route RN1, from Saint-Sauveur (between "Bananier" and the town of Capesterre-Belle-Eau), turn towards Chutes du Carbet. Keep going on the RD4. The road is steep and winding. Go past the Grand Etang parking area, keep going until the end of the road and park in one of the available spaces.

### Advised parking

Chutes du Carbet, Capesterre-Belle-Eau welcome area

## **Accessibility**

Those with reduced mobility can access the promontory for an extensive panorama of Grand-Terre (Petit Cul-de-Sac Marin), Marie-Galante and la Désirade on a very clear day. At the promontory, there is a permanent bilingual exhibition about geology and hydrology.

## **i** Information desks

**Reception area of Les Chutes du Carbet**  
terminus de la RD4 , route de l'Habituée,  
97130 Capesterre-Belle-Eau

[info@randoguadeloupe.gp](mailto:info@randoguadeloupe.gp)

<http://www.guadeloupe-parcnational.fr/fr/des-decouvertes/ou-sinformer/chutes-du-carbet>



## **Source**

Rando Guadeloupe

<https://www.randoguadeloupe.gp/>

# On your path...

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## Promontory, extensive views (A)

Accessible to persons with reduced mobility, on a clear day this promontory offers a panorama of la Grande-Terre (Petit Cul-se-sac marin), Marie-Galante and la Désirade. The information boards explain the geological formation of the waterfalls.

Attribution : Ass. Les Sternes

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## Picnic area (B)

A small path leads to the toilets and a special picnic area.

Attribution : C.Lesponne

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## Roseleaf bramble (C)

A member of the Rosaceae family, *Rubus rosifolius* is a hygrophilous species (i.e. one that needs moisture) which thrives in moderate shade: its white flowers and red fruits need the sun to grow. It is found up to 1,500 metres above sea level, where it colonises the banks of forest paths, invades the undergrowth of tropical forest and forms dense thickets. Its fruits are especially popular among birds.

Attribution : Fabien Salles / PNG

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## Views of both the Chute du Carbet waterfalls (D)

Views of the first and second Chutes du Carbet waterfalls and information panels.

Attribution : PNG

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## Psychotria aubletiane (E)

*Psychotria aubletiane*, also known as Ipeka bata, belongs to the Rubiaceae family. It is a wetland shrub with upright branches. It features elliptical leaves, white axillary flowers and fruits in small drupes that turn bright blue.

Attribution : Fabien Salles / PNG

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### ✿ "Rat's tail" (F)

This name refers to a number of species in the Piperaceae family. As shrubs or small evergreen trees (ranging from 2-7 metres tall) with black, wart-like bark, rat's tails are a favourite among bats.

Attribution : Emilie Savy / PNG



### ✿ Balisiers (G)

A member of the Musaceae family, *Heliconia caribaea* is a large grass that is typical of the Lesser Antilles tropical rainforest. A member of the same family as the banana trees, the plant can grow up to 5 m high. It features an inflorescence that resembles a red ear or red ear with yellow trim, or sometimes completely yellow. Its flowers are visible all year round, most notably between April and June.

Attribution : PNG



### ✿ Guatteria caribaea (H)

The *Guatteria caribaea* is a very straight tree in the Annonaceae family that often has multiple trunks. It features dark bark and hanging branches and produces dark, plump berries. Its bark was used to make ropes and its wood to make masts for boats. It is still used today in Guadeloupe to make traditional sailing dinghies.

Attribution : Emilie Savy / PNG



### ✿ Gommier (I)

The Gommier (*Dacryodes excelsa*) can grow up to 35 metres tall. When they are damaged, its white trunk and roots exude a white resin with a pungent turpentine smell, which is traditionally used as incense or as kindle-wood, because it burns slowly regardless of the surrounding humidity. It is said that the tree has the ability to cast out spirits. It is strictly forbidden to remove any plant parts from the National Park. Its trunk was used by American Indians to make their canoes (kanawa), and is still used today by coastal people from many tropical countries, such as Dominique, to craft fishing vessels. The tree's seeds are a favoured food among pigeons.

Attribution : Emilie Savy / PNG



## ✿ Asplundia rigida (J)

*Asplundia rigida*, the French name for which can be translated literally as "fly wings", is a member of the Cyclantaceae family. Its name is particularly apt, given its similarity with the insect. A typical species of moist forest undergrowth, there are three species in the *Asplundia* genus. Two are terrestrial and one is epiphytic and lianescent (where the vines climb from aerial roots).

Attribution : Fabien Salles / PNG



## ✿ Tapura latifolia (K)

*Tapura lotifolia* is a member of the Melastomaceae family. With a fluted trunk, this tree rarely grows taller than 20 metres. Its leaves feature five main lengthways veins that run perpendicular to its many secondary veins.

Attribution : Fabien Salles / PNG



## 🕒 The Grand Carbet river (L)

This river is 140,000 years old. Its course has been changed over the years by successive lava flows in the valley. With its three great waterfalls, the Grand Carbet river can be seen from the sea. A local legend has it that this river was the reason why Christopher Columbus disembarked in Guadeloupe, as he went in search of fresh water on land.

Attribution : Emilie Savy / PNG



## 💧 The second Chute du Carbet waterfall (M)

The second Chute du Carbet stands at 110 metres high.

Attribution : PNG